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General Safety Instruction

for BOKU Staff Members

The English translation exclusively serves informational purposes; solely the German version is binding

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A Warm Welcome to the General Safety Instruction!



- The following slides should provide an overview on safety and inform you on the most important fields of action.
- Safety-conscious behaviour includes all areas of life: not only work at BOKU, in the household or home improvement activities but also on the way to work, while on the road (for business or private purposes) and in your leisure (sports, hobbies, etc.).
- Work safety requires a high degree of personal responsibility and self-discipline. We ourselves can contribute substantially to our own health by proactive behaviour and safety-conscious working.
- We are primarily responsible for our own safety.

3

45001

ISO 45001 – occupational health and safety management system

- Increased awareness of safety at work
- Transparent and sustainable effectiveness of occupational safety
- Structured and uniform occupational safety documents
- Increased legal certainty
- Preventing damage to health through preventive measures
- Elimination of sources of danger and minimization of risks
- Promoting safe and healthy working conditions
- Maintaining long-term performance





General Obligations of the Employer

The employer has to perform all measures related to the safety and health protection of employees:

- Stop and leave work in case of serious danger,
- Inform on latest state of the art and new findings in the field of work arrangements,
- Determine and assess hazards, take relevant measures and document those,
- Inform and instruct employees,
- Pay attention to qualification, knowledge and weaknesses when assigning tasks to employees,
- Apply the principles of risk prevention.

The incurred expenses must not be made at the expense of employees.







General Obligations of the Employer

Based on the instruction and employer's instructions every employee is obligated to:

- Take the required protective measures,
- Make correct use of work equipment,
- Use provided personal protective equipment appropriately and
- Use protective devices appropriately.

Employees must not put themselves in a state in which they might pose a risk to themselves or others by consuming alcohol, drugs or other intoxicating substances.





Obligation to Cooperate



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Employees must immediately report

- Every occupational injury,
- Every occurance that has almost caused an accident,
- Every serious and immediate risk for the safety and health detected and
- Every detected shortcoming in the protection arrangements

To the employer or relevant person (occupational physician, safety officer, personnel department)



Employee Instruction and Information



- Employers must sufficiently instruct employees on safety and health protection:
 - Before the start of their activity
 - During working time
 - Workplace-related (in each workplace a workplace-specific
 - instruction has to be carried out by the supervisor
 - prior to the start of the activity).
 - Verifiable
- The instruction has to be repeated in case of:
 - Transfer or change of task areas
 - Introduction or change of work equipment
 - Introduction of new working materials
 - Introduction or change of work processes
 - After accidents
- In appropriate intervals
- The employer must ensure that the employee has understood the instruction.
- If necessary, written operating instructions must be completed



Observe labeling



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Please pay attention to all reference signs:





Rescue sign

Warning sign

Recommendation: Look at your work area to see where

- Alarming facilities,
- rescue facilities,
- safety devices,
- Notices, emergency exits, etc. are located.



Prohibition sign



Mandatory sign

Hazard symbols

Not only in the laboratory are there hazard symbols





Where at Your Workplace Are the Safety Equipment / Rescue Facilities?



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First aid kit, eye showers, emergency shower, adsorbent.









Fire alarm, fire extinguisher, fire blanket, escape route, assembly point

Gas emergency stop



WHERE in Your Area Is a First-Aid Kit and Who Are the First Aiders?



- Inform First Aiders (find out where to find a first-aid kit in your area).
- The names of first aiders are also stated on the first-aid kit!!





Emergency call



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Take your time for emergency calls! Answer all questions! Always follow the instructions provided by the control centre!

- What happened?
- Where did it happen?
- How many are affected?
- Who reports the accident?
- Waiting für queries

- e.g.: laceration of the head after a fall
- e.g.: Cieslarhaus EG
- e.g.: 1 injured
- e.g.: Isolde Pohl



Rescue Chain



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Every chain is only as strong as its weakest link!

Keep calm!

How to Behave in the Event of an Accident

- Report the accident (call for help \rightarrow inform first aiders)
 - WHAT has happened?
 - WHERE did it happened?
 - HOW MANY are injured? •
 - Are further persons in danger?
 - WHO reports?
- First aid
 - Secure the accident site
 - Assist the injured
 - **Follow instructions!**
 - Never leave the injured alone! •
- Additional measures Instruct the fire truck or ambulance coach



144



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Emergency call:





Rules of Behaviour in Case of Fire

- Keep calm!
- Brand melden
 - WHAT happened?
 - WHERE did it happen?
 - HOW MANY are affected ?
 - WHO reports?
 - Operate fire alarms & warn colleagues!
- Immediately leave the danger area
 - If applicable disconnect electrical appliances
 - Follow the indicated emergency escape routes and emergency exits
 - Do not use an elevator!
 - Make your way to the assembly point
 - In case of heavy smoke stoop or crawl if possible (protection against heat and smoke)
- Saving lives is more important than fighting fire!



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Emergency call: 122









- Sufficiently illuminated traffic routes and emergency escape routes must be kept free at all times
- Trip hazards must be removed as quickly as possible or at least secured for the duration of repair work
- Please report any damage done to the floor and have it repaired instantly
- Cables running on the floor must be covered, marked and removed as quickly as possible
- Immediately absorb spilled working materials and liquids; other persons are also at risk.
- It is best to wear non-slip footgear that provides support
- Use the handrail when climbing stairs











Electrical Hazards

- Changes and repair work on electrical appliances may only be carried out by qualified personnel
- Check electrical devices for obvious defects before use
- If a defect s detected on an electrical device or machine, immediately report it and shut down the device
- When cleaning electrical devices always choose the driest option possible
- Please disconnect the power cord by grasping the plug, not the cord





Adjustment of a Computer Workstation





Seating position



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Use the whole seat area

Adjust the <u>chair height</u> in the following way: When rested on the table the forearms should be bent at an angle of 90° and the feet should be flat on the floor at a knee angle of 90° - If this is not possible: <u>foot support is required</u>!

<u>Back support</u>: adjust the height, the vault should correspond with the backrest, The back rest should <u>always be used</u> to ensure an upright spine!

<u>Leg room</u>: pay attention to sufficient leg room (see also operational manual provided by the manufacturer)

Working and Screen position



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Sitting:

- As varied activities as possible do not only sit!
- Dynamic / mobile siting: often changing the body posture helps prevent muscle tenseness!

Lighting:

- Window light should enter from the side to avoid glares / reflections
- Screen should be positioned between lighting ranges
- Viewing direction should be parallel to the lighting ranges

4 Important Safety Regulations for Offices



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1. Always close drawers – severe risk of tripping



2. Always use an appropriate climbing aids to prevent falls



3. Avoid cable spaghetti



4. Never throw sharp – edged or pointed items (such as pins, broken pieces) in a wastebasket. The cleaning personnel could get injured by it.

Climbing Aids

- Never use inappropriate climbing aids such as swivel chairs, beverage crates, shelves or the like
- It is best to use appropriate shoes: non-slip, no shoes with wooden soles, no open-toed shoes!
- Do not lift big or bulky goods while climbing
- Never lean over the side
- Do not perform any kind of work that requires you to hold devices or machinery with both hands









Stepladders



- Use sufficiently long ladders.
- And always place them in a stable and level manner.
- The chain or the tension belt should be fully stretched.
- Metal stepladders equipped with a platform provide the same locking function.



Stepladders



- Stepladders affected by lateral force can easily tip over! Therefore: never change to a higher position from a stepladder.
- The highest step of a ladder does not always provide a secure standing. Therefore it may never be used without a mounting bracket.



- Ladder feet and heads are normally not constructed for any other purpose. Therefore: never use stepladders as free-standing ladders!
- Always only extent or push the ladder together to the specified length, sliding ladders must be locked.

Lifting and Carrying



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wrong: lifting with a round back



correct: rising from your knees while keeping a straight back as you lift the load



wrong: lifting heavy objects alone



correct: lifting and carrying heavy objects in twos

Lifting and Carrying



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wrong : holding objects away from your body

correct : holding objects close to your body



wrong : passing objects on in a twisted position

correct : passing objects on in an upright posture

Personal protective Gear (PPG)

belong to your own safety in hazardous areas:



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- Protective shoes (sturdy footwear, closed)
- Hearing protection (as necessary)
- Safety harness (as necessary)





Please note: Always ensure "unadorned" hands in laboratories! Tie your hair if necessary (danger of entangling)!

Personal Protective Gear / Work Wear (PPG Mainly Used at BOKU)





STOP-principle



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Determine risks





Please note:

Personal protective gear should only be used once technical and organizational measures have been taken as they can also be burdensome.

- Provided by the employer free of charge
- Chosen together with the user
- The employee MUST use the PPG
- The employer MUST control the use

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- The following threshold values must be observed:
 - 50 dB(A) for predominantly intellectual work,
 - 65 dB(A) for simple and predominantly mechanized office work as well as comparable activities,
 - 85 dB(A) for all other activities.
- In working spaces the noise level has to be kept as low as possible depending on the type of work.
- Staying in noisy areas for less than 8 hours normally does not lead to hearing impairments as long as the residence time and level stays below the limit curve.





Occupational Accidents



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Occupational accident reported to the accident insurance (BVA or AUVA) by the Personnel Department and upon consultation of the safety officer within 5 days!



General Safety Instrutction I Stabsstelle ArbeitnehmerInnenschutz (Version1.1)

34

Business Trips - Stays Abroad

BOKU also provides a checklist and emergency plan for Stays Abroad!

It contains important information and recommendations for the

- Travel preparations
- Behaviour in emergency situations abroad

Please carefully process the checklist prior to traveling to other countries!

http://www.boku.ac.at/pers/themen/dienstreisen/richtlinien/





At a Glance: the Most Important Information!



- Never start work without previous instruction
- Pay attention to appropriate working clothes and safety equipment (laboratory coat, shoes and googles, ...)
- Before starting work check the conditions of the equipment and gear (apparent)
- Always concentrate on your work
- Repair and maintenance work may only be performed when the machinery is switched off and protected against restart (for larger repairs contact a specialist)
- When in doubt always ask, you should never perform unsafe actions





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We wish you a safe working life!

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